## **Amendments to the Claims**

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (original) A computing machine, comprising:
- a first buffer;
- a processor coupled to the buffer and operable to,

execute an application, a first data-transfer object, and a second data-transfer object,

publish data under the control of the application,

load the published data into the buffer under the control of the first datatransfer object, and

retrieve the published data from the buffer under the control of the second data-transfer object.

- 2. (original) The computing machine of claim 1 wherein the first and second data-transfer objects respectively comprise first and second instances of the same object code.
- 3. (original) The computing machine of claim 1 wherein the processor comprises:

a processing unit operable to execute the application and publish the data under the control of the application; and

a data-transfer handler operable to execute the first and second data-transfer objects, to load the published data into the buffer under the control of the first data-transfer object, and to retrieve the published data under the control of the second data-transfer object.

4. (original) The computing machine of claim 1 wherein the processor is further operable to execute a thread of the application and to publish the data under the control of the thread.

5. (currently amended) The computing machine of claim 1 wherein the processor is further operable to:

execute a queue object and a reader object;

store a queue value under the control of the queue object, the queue value reflecting the loading of the published data into the buffer;

read the queue value under the control of the reader object;

notify the second <u>data-transfersoftware</u> object that the published data occupies the buffer under the control of the reader object and in response to the queue value; and

retrieve the published data from the storage location buffer under the control of the second data-transfer object and in response to the notification.

6. (currently amended) The computing machine of claim 1, further comprising:

a bus; and

wherein the processor is operable to execute a[[n]] communication object and to drive the retrieved data onto the bus under the control of the communication object.

7. (original) The computing machine of claim 1, further comprising:

a second buffer; and

wherein the processor is operable to provide the retrieved data to the second buffer under the control of the second data-transfer object.

- 8. (original) The computing machine of claim 1 wherein the processor is further operable to generate a message that includes a header and the retrieved data under the control of the second data-transfer object.
  - 9. (original) The computing machine of claim 1 wherein:

the first and second data-transfer objects respectively comprise first and second instances of the same object code; and

the processor is operable to execute an object factory and to generate the object code under the control of the object factory.

- 10. (original) A computing machine, comprising:
- a first buffer;
- a processor coupled to the buffer and operable to,
  - execute first and second data-transfer objects and an application,
- retrieve data and load the retrieved data into the buffer under the control of the first data-transfer object,
- unload the data from the buffer under the control of the second datatransfer object, and
  - process the unloaded data under the control of the application.
- 11. (original) The computing machine of claim 10 wherein the first and second data-transfer objects respectively comprise first and second instances of the same object code.
- 12. (original) The computing machine of claim 10 wherein the processor comprises:
- a processing unit operable to execute the application and process the unloaded data under the control of the application; and
- a data-transfer handler operable to execute the first and second data-transfer objects, to retrieve the data from the bus and load the data into the buffer under the control of the first data-transfer object, and to unload the data from the buffer under the control of the second data-transfer object.
- 13. (original) The computing machine of claim 10 wherein the processor is further operable to execute a thread of the application and to process the unloaded data under the control of the thread.

14. (currently amended) The computing machine of claim 10 wherein the processor is further operable to:

execute a queue object and a reader object;

store a queue value under the control of the queue object, the queue value reflecting the loading of the <u>published-retrieved</u> data into the first buffer;

read the queue value under the control of the reader object;

notify the second data-transfer object that the <u>published-retrieved</u> data occupies the buffer under the control of the reader object and in response to the queue value; and

unload the <u>published-retrieved</u> data from the buffer under the control of the second data-transfer object and in response to the notification.

15. (original) The computing machine of claim 10, further comprising:

a second buffer; and

wherein the processor is operable to retrieve the data from the second buffer under the control of the first data-transfer object.

16. (currently amended) The computing machine of claim 10, further comprising:

a bus; and

wherein the processor is operable to execute a[[n]] communication object, to receive the data from the bus under the control of the communication object, and to retrieve the data from the communication object under the control of the first data-transfer object.

17. (original) The computing machine of claim 10 wherein:

the first and second data-transfer objects respectively comprise first and second instances of the same object code; and

the processor is operable to execute an object factory and to generate the object code under the control of the object factory.

18. (original) The computing machine of claim 10 wherein the processor is further operable to recover the data from a message that includes a header and the data under the control of the first data-transfer object.

19. (currently amended) A peer-vector machine, comprising:

a buffer:

a bus;

a processor coupled to the buffer and to the bus and operable to,

execute an application, first and second data-transfer objects, and a[[n]] communication object,

publish data under the control of the application,

load the published data into the buffer under the control of the first datatransfer object,

retrieve the published data from the buffer under the control of the second data-transfer object, and

drive the published data onto the bus under the control of the communication object; and

a pipeline accelerator coupled to the bus and operable to receive the published data from the bus and to process the received published data.

20. (original) The peer-vector machine of claim 19 wherein:

the processor is further operable to construct a message that includes the published data under the control of the second data-transfer object and to drive the message onto the bus under the control of the communication object; and

the pipeline accelerator is operable to receive the message from the bus and to recover the published data from the message.

21. (currently amended) The peer-vector machine of claim 19, further comprising:

a registry coupled to the host-processor and operable to store object data; and wherein the processor is operable to,

execute an object factory, and

to generate the first and second data-transfer objects and the communication object from the object data under the control of the object factory.

- 22. (currently amended) A peer-vector machine, comprising:
- a buffer:
- a bus:
- a pipeline accelerator coupled to the bus and operable to generate data and to drive the data onto the bus; and
  - a processor coupled to the buffer and to the bus and operable to,
  - execute an application, first and second data-transfer objects, and a[[n]] communication object,
  - receive the data from the bus under the control of the communication object,
  - load the received data into the buffer under the control of the first datatransfer object,
  - unload the data from the buffer under the control of the second datatransfer object, and
    - process the unloaded data under the control of the application.
  - 23. (original) The peer-vector machine of claim 22 wherein:

the pipeline accelerator is further operable to construct a message that includes the data and to drive the message onto the bus; and

the processor is operable to,

receive the message from the bus under the control of the communication object, and

recover the data from the message under the control of the first datatransfer object.

24. (currently amended) The peer-vector machine of claim 22, further comprising:

a registry coupled to the host-processor and operable to store object data; and wherein the processor is operable to,

execute an object factory, and

to generate the first and second data-transfer objects and the communication object from the object data under the control of the object factory.

25. (withdrawn) A peer-vector machine, comprising:

a first buffer:

a bus;

a processor coupled to the buffer and to the bus and operable to,

execute a configuration manager, first and second data-transfer objects, and a communication object,

load configuration firmware into the buffer under the control of the configuration manager and the first data-transfer object,

retrieve the configuration firmware from the buffer under the control of the second data-transfer object, and

drive the configuration firmware onto the bus under the control of the communication object; and

a pipeline accelerator coupled to the bus and operable to receive the configuration firmware and to configure itself with the configuration firmware.

26. (withdrawn) The peer-vector machine of claim 25 wherein:

the processor is further operable to construct a message that includes the configuration firmware under the control of the second data-transfer object and to drive the message onto the bus under the control of the communication object; and

the pipeline accelerator is operable to receive the message from the bus and to recover the configuration firmware from the message.

27. (withdrawn) The peer-vector machine of claim 25, further comprising: a registry coupled to the processor and operable to store configuration data; and

wherein the processor is operable to locate the configuration firmware from the configuration data under the control of the configuration manager.

28. (withdrawn) The peer-vector machine of claim 25, further comprising: a second buffer; and wherein the processor is operable to:

execute an application and third and fourth data-transfer objects, generate a configuration instruction under the control of the configuration manager,

load the configuration instruction into the second buffer under the control of the third data-transfer object,

retrieve the configuration instruction from the second buffer under the control of the fourth data-transfer object, and

configure the application to perform an operation corresponding to the configuration instruction under the control of the application.

29. (withdrawn) The peer-vector machine of claim 25 wherein the processor is operable to:

generate a configuration instruction under the control of the configuration manager; and

configure the application to perform an operation corresponding to the configuration instruction under the control of the application.

- 30. (withdrawn) The peer-vector machine of claim 25 wherein the configuration manager is operable to confirm that the pipeline accelerator supports a configuration defined by the configuration data before loading the firmware.
  - 31. (withdrawn) A peer-vector machine, comprising: a first buffer;

a bus:

a pipeline accelerator coupled to the bus and operable to generate exception data and to drive the exception data onto the bus; and

a processor coupled to the buffer and to the bus and operable to,

execute an exception manager, first and second data-transfer objects, and an communication object,

receive the exception data from the bus under the control of the communication object,

load the received exception data into the buffer under the control of the first data-transfer object,

unload the exception data from the buffer under the control of the second data-transfer object, and

process the unloaded exception data under the control of the exception manager.

32. (withdrawn) The peer-vector machine of claim 31 wherein:

the pipeline is further operable to construct a message that includes the exception data and to drive the message onto the bus; and

the processor is operable to receive the message from the bus under the control of the communication object and to recover the exception data from the message under the control of the first data-transfer object.

33. (withdrawn) The peer-vector machine of claim 31, further comprising: a second buffer;

wherein the processor is further operable to,

execute a configuration manager and third and fourth data-transfer objects,

generate configuration firmware under the control of the configuration manager in response to the exception data,

load the configuration firmware into the second buffer under the control of the third data-transfer object,

unload the configuration instruction from the second buffer under the control of the fourth data-transfer object, and

drive the configuration firmware onto the bus under the control of the communication object; and

wherein the pipeline accelerator is operable to receive the configuration firmware from the bus and reconfigure itself with the firmware.

34. (withdrawn) The peer-vector machine of claim 31 wherein the processor is further operable to:

execute an application and a configuration manager;

generate a configuration instruction under the control of the configuration manager in response to the exception data; and

reconfigure the application under the control of the application in response to the configuration instruction.

- 35. (withdrawn) A peer-vector machine, comprising:
- a configuration registry operable to store configuration data;
- a processor coupled to the configuration registry and operable to locate configuration firmware from the configuration data; and
- a pipeline accelerator coupled to the processor and operable to configure itself with the configuration firmware.
  - 36. (withdrawn) A peer-vector machine, comprising:
  - a configuration registry operable to store configuration data;
  - a pipeline accelerator; and
- a processor coupled to the configuration registry and to the pipeline accelerator and operable to retrieve configuration firmware in response to the configuration data and to configure the pipeline accelerator with the configuration firmware.
  - 37. (currently amended) A method, comprising: publishing data with an application;

loading the published data into a first buffer with a first data-transfer object; and retrieving the published data from the buffer with a second data-transfer object; generating a message header that includes a destination of the retrieved data;

<u>and</u>

generating a message that includes the retrieved data and the message header.

- 38. (original) The method of claim 37 wherein publishing the data comprises publishing the data with a thread of the application.
- 39. (currently amended) The method of claim 37, further comprising: generating a queue value that corresponds to the presence of the published data in the buffer;

notifying the second data-transfer object that the published data occupies the buffer in response to the queue value; and

wherein retrieving the published data comprises retrieving the published data from the storage location buffer with the second data-transfer object in response to the notification.

- 40. (currently amended) The method of claim 37, further comprising driving the messageretrieved data onto a bus with a communication object.
- 41. (original) The method of claim 37, further comprising loading the retrieved data into a second buffer with the second data-transfer object.
- 42. (currently amended) The method of claim 37 <u>wherein</u>, further comprising: generating the message header and the message comprise generating the message header and the message

generating a header for the retrieved data with the second data-transfer object; and

combining the header and the retrieved data into a message with the second data-transfer object.

- 43. (original) The method of claim 37, further comprising: generating data-transfer object code with an object factory; generating the first data-transfer object as a first instance of the object code; and generating the second data-transfer object as a second instance of the object code.
- 44. (currently amended) The method of claim 37, further comprising receiving the message and processing the data in the message from the second data-transfer object-with a pipeline accelerator.
- 45. (currently amended) A method, comprising:

  rectrieeiving a message that includes data and that includes a message header
  that indicates a destination of the data;

-and-loading the received trieved data into a first buffer with a first data-transfer object, the first buffer corresponding to the destination;

unloading the data from the buffer with a second data-transfer object; and processing the unloaded data with an application corresponding to the destination.

- 46. (currently amended) The method of claim 45 wherein processing the unloaded data comprises processing the unloaded data with a thread of the application corresponding to the destination.
  - 47. (original) The method of claim 45, further comprising:

generating a queue value that corresponds to the presence of the data in the buffer;

notifying the second data-transfer object that the data occupies the buffer in response to the queue value; and

wherein unloading the data comprises unloading the data from the buffer with the first data-transfer object in response to the notification.

48. (currently amended) The method of claim 45, further comprising:

-wherein receivtrieving the messagedata comprises receiving the messagedata from a second buffer with the first data-transfer object.

49. (currently amended) The method of claim 45, further comprising:

wherein receiving the messagedata comprises retrieving the message from a bus with a[[n]] communication object; and

wherein-transferringretrieving-the-data-comprises-retrieving the data from the communication object tounder with the first data-transfer object.

50. (currently amended) The method of claim 45, further comprising generating providing the message header and the message data to the first data-transfer object with a pipeline accelerator.

51. (currently amended) A method, comprising: publishing data with an application running on a processor;

loading the published data into a buffer with a first data-transfer object running on the processor;

retrieving the published data from the buffer with a second data-transfer object running on the processor;

driving the retrieved published data onto a bus with a[[n]] communication object running on the processor; and

receiving the published data from the bus and processing the published data with a pipeline accelerator.

52. (original) The method of claim 51, further comprising:

generating a message that includes a header and the published data with the second data-transfer object;

wherein driving the data onto the bus comprises driving the message onto the bus with the communication object; and

receiving and processing the published data comprises receiving the message and recovering the published data from the message with the pipeline accelerator.

53. (currently amended) A method, comprising:

generating <u>with a pipeline accelerator a message header that includes a</u> destination of data;

generating with the pipeline accelerator a message that includes the header and the data-and;

driving the messagedata onto a bus with the[[a]] pipeline accelerator;

receiving the <u>messagedata</u> from the bus with <u>the-a</u> communication object <u>running</u> on a processor;

loading the received data into a buffer under-with a first data-transfer object running on a processor, the buffer being identified by the destination;

unloading the data from the buffer with a second data-transfer object <u>running on</u> the processor; and

processing the unloaded data with an application running on the processor and identified by the destination.

54. (currently amended) The method of claim 53, further comprising:

wherein generating the data comprises constructing a message that includes a header and the data with the pipeline accelerator;

wherein driving the data comprises driving the message onto the bus with the pipeline accelerator;

wherein-receiving the data-comprises receiving the message from the bus with the communication object; and

recovering the data from the message with the first data-transfer object.

55. (withdrawn) A method, comprising:

retrieving configuration firmware with a configuration manager;

loading the configuration firmware into a first buffer with a first communication object;

retrieving the configuration firmware from the buffer with a second communication object;

driving the configuration firmware onto a bus with an communication object; receiving the configuration firmware with a pipeline accelerator; and configuring the pipeline accelerator with the configuration firmware.

56. (withdrawn) The method of claim 55, further comprising: generating a configuration instruction with the configuration manager; and configuring the application to perform an operation corresponding to the configuration instruction.

57. (withdrawn) The method of claim 55, further comprising: generating a configuration instruction with the configuration manager; loading the configuration instruction into a second buffer with a third communication object;

retrieving the configuration instruction from the second buffer with a fourth communication object; and

configuring the application to perform an operation corresponding to the configuration instruction.

58. (withdrawn) A method, comprising:

and

generating exception data and driving the exception data onto a bus with a pipeline accelerator;

receiving the exception data from the bus with a communication object; loading the received exception data into a buffer with a first data-transfer object; unloading the exception data from the buffer with a second data-transfer object;

processing the unloaded exception data under with an exception manager.

59. (withdrawn) The method of claim 58, further comprising: retrieving configuration firmware with a configuration manager in response to the exception data,

loading the configuration firmware into a second buffer with a third transfer object;

unloading the configuration instruction from the second buffer with a fourth data-transfer object;

driving the configuration firmware onto the bus with the communication object; and

reconfiguring the pipeline accelerator with the configuration firmware.

60. (withdrawn) The method of claim 58, further comprising: generating a configuration instruction with a configuration manager in response to the error data; and

reconfiguring the application in response to the configuration instruction.

61. (withdrawn) A method, comprising:

retrieving configuration firmware pointed to by configuration data stored in a configuration registry during an initialization of a computing machine; and configuring a pipeline accelerator of the computing machine with the configuration firmware.